

This is a codebook for the leader country year panel dataset employed to run the models and create figures used in the supplementary appendix of “The Fiscal Roots of Financial Underdevelopment.” Below, I list each variable name, define and describe it, and list its sources, if any.

ccodecow: this is the Correlates of War country identifier

hmccode: this is the country identifier I use to cluster the standard errors in the survival models by country

leadid: this is the ARCHIGOS dataset country identifier; I use this to declare the data an event series dataset so that I can estimate survival models

year: this is the year

icrg_qog: Indicator of Quality of Government. This is the average of the Corruption, Law and Order, and Bureaucracy indexes. Source: Teorell, Jan, Stefan Dahlberg, Sören Holmberg, Bo Rothstein, Felix Hartmann & Richard Svensson. 2015. The Quality of Government Standard Dataset, version Jan15. University of Gothenburg: The Quality of Government Institute. Taken by this source from Political Risk Services.

displacement: whether a ruler is ousted from power irregularly, which means that they are displaced in a coup, rebellion, or assassination. Source: Albertus, Michael, and Victor Menaldo. 2014. “Dealing with Dictators: Negotiated Democratization and the Fate of Outgoing Autocrats.” *International Studies Quarterly* 58(3): 550-565. Taken by this source from the ARCHIGOS leadership dataset: Goemans, H. E., Kristian Skrede Gleditsch, and Giacomo Chiozza. 2011. “Archigos: A Database of Leaders 1875–2004.”

age0: The age at which a ruler obtains power. Source: Albertus, Michael, and Victor Menaldo. 2014. “Dealing with Dictators: Negotiated Democratization and the Fate of Outgoing Autocrats.” *International Studies Quarterly* 58(3): 550-565. Taken by this source from the ARCHIGOS leadership dataset: Goemans, H. E., Kristian Skrede Gleditsch, and Giacomo Chiozza. 2011. “Archigos: A Database of Leaders 1875–2004.”

prevtimesinoffice: How many times previous the ruler had been in office. Source: Albertus, Michael, and Victor Menaldo. 2014. “Dealing with Dictators: Negotiated Democratization and the Fate of Outgoing Autocrats.” *International Studies Quarterly* 58(3): 550-565. Taken by this source from the ARCHIGOS leadership dataset: Goemans, H. E., Kristian Skrede Gleditsch, and Giacomo Chiozza. 2011. “Archigos: A Database of Leaders 1875–2004.”

irregular_entry: Whether the ruler obtained power irregularly. Source: Albertus, Michael, and Victor Menaldo. 2014. “Dealing with Dictators: Negotiated Democratization and the Fate of Outgoing Autocrats.” *International Studies Quarterly* 58(3): 550-565. Taken by this source from the ARCHIGOS leadership dataset: Goemans, H. E., Kristian Skrede Gleditsch, and Giacomo Chiozza. 2011. “Archigos: A Database of Leaders 1875–2004.”

posttenurefate: What happens to the ruler after exiting power? It is coded as follows: -888 if still in power; 0 OK; 1 Exile; 2 Imprisonment (including house arrest); 3 Death. Source: Albertus, Michael, and Victor Menaldo. 2014. "Dealing with Dictators: Negotiated Democratization and the Fate of Outgoing Autocrats." *International Studies Quarterly* 58(3): 550-565. Taken by this source from the ARCHIGOS leadership dataset: Goemans, H. E., Kristian Skrede Gleditsch, and Giacomo Chiozza. 2011. "Archigos: A Database of Leaders 1875–2004."

fullregime_dummy_leader_pre1950: Whether the ruler is democratically elected or not. Source: Albertus, Michael, and Victor Menaldo. 2014. "Dealing with Dictators: Negotiated Democratization and the Fate of Outgoing Autocrats." *International Studies Quarterly* 58(3): 550-565. To create this variable, among other sources, the authors use: Cheibub, Jose Antonio, Jennifer Gandhi, and James Raymond Vreeland. 2010. "Democracy and Dictatorship Revisited." *Public Choice* 142: 67–101.